**Elective Papers**

**B.A.POLITICAL SCIENCE**

**CBCS Second Semester**

**BAPS CE 01** **– Freedom Movements in India**

Total Hours of Instruction: 20 hrs

Teaching hours per week 2hrs.

 Total Marks: 40+10=50

Credits: 1

**Objectives:**

To study in general the Indian freedom struggle

To assess the contribution of people in Indian freedom struggle

T o bring to light the sacrifices made by a number, of freedom fighters who laid down their lives for the cause of freedom of India.

**OUTCOMES**

* Get acquainted with the core of our principles in guiding our freedom struggle
* Gain knowledge about Gandhis role in National movement
* The power of Ahimsa in overcoming challenges

**Syllabus**

**BLOCK I** **First War of Indian Independence 1857**  8 Hours

1. Beginning of Political Awakening in Modern India
2. Foundation of Indian National Congress

c) Significance

**BLOCK II** Indigenous character of Extremist Nationalism

1. Hours
2. Dadabai Naoroji’s Drain Theory
3. Spiritual foundation of Indian Nationalism – Aurobindo
4. Tilak’s concepts of Indian Nationalism and 1909 Act

**BLOCK III** Leaders of Nationalist Movement: 8 Hours

* 1. Rise of Gandhi: Non-Cooperatin Movement, Civil Disobedience Movement, Salt Satyagraha Movement
	2. Nehru and Subhas Chandra Bose
	3. Meaning and Significance of Indian Nationalist Movement of Modern India

**Teaching Method:** Lecture Mode, Project report presentation, Discussion

**Assessment Criteria:** 1 Written Test – 40Marks – 2 hour

2 Project assessment –10 Marks

**Certification:**

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| **Marks** | **80-100** | **60-79** | **50-59** | **35-49** | **Below 35** |
| **Grades** | **A+** | **A** | **B+** | **B** | **C** |

**References:**

Ambedkar, B.R, Gandhi and Gandhism, Bheem Patrika Publications, Jullundhar, 1 970.

Battacharya, S, & Thapar, Romila, (ed.), Situating Indian History, Oxford University Press, London, 1986.

Brown, Judith. M, Gandhi's Rise to Power- Indian Politics, 1915- 1922, Cambridge University Press, London, 1972.

7.Chatterjee, Partha, Nationalist Thought and the Colonial World-A Derivative Discourse, Oxford University Pres, Delhi, 1986.

Guha, Ranjit, (ed.), Subaltern Studies-I Writings on South Asian History and Society, Oxford University Press, Delhi, (Reprint), 1994.

Kastu1-i, Leela and Majuindar, Veena, (ed.) Women and Indian Nationalism, Vikas Publishing House, Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 19

Parekh, Blkhu, Colonialism, Tradition and Reform-An Analysis of Gandhi 'S Political Discourse, Sage Publication, New Delhi, 1989.

Sharrna, Radha Krishan, Nationalism Social Reform and Indian Women, Janaki Prakashan, New Delhi, 198 1.

Basham, A.L, 'Traditional influences on Gandhi7 in R. Kumar (ed.) Essays on Gandhian Politics- The Rowlatt Satyagraha of 1919, Oxford University Press, London, 197 1

. Chattopadiya, Kamaldevi, 'What Gandhij i has done for Women7 in Makaz, Ilami, mat Gan&iji has done for India, YMCA, Lahore, 1946.

4.Choudha1-y, P. C. Roy, 'Gandhi's First Struggle in India', The Hindustan Review, Vol. LXXVII, Oct. 1950.